<u>Summary of bills of interest filed for the 2021 Wyoming Legislature as of March 15, 2021</u>

Bill status is provided in blue italic text. Dead bill titles are in red text.

THE BUDGET

HB1and SF1 – Mirror bills that rewrite the 2020 biennial budget bill to reflect a precipitous drop in state revenues. The House and Senate versions (both highly amended) cross over to the other chambers for review, the formal vote to not accept each other's versions and then a conference committee to find a compromise version.

The fiscal profile of the state has improved since the original bills were written, so many of the extensive 2nd and 3rd reading amendments restored program cuts. (Example: HB1, 2nd reading amendment #35.) Many amendments had roll-call votes. Find amendments and votes in the Digests for HB1 and SF1.

HB171 Executive branch funding restoration – Rep. Steve Harshman

145day account) to the state auditor and make it available to the governor to restore cuts to the departments of Health, Family Services and Corrections to sustain social services programs. This is co-sponsored by House Majority Floor Leader Albert Sommers and Sens. Bill Landen and Jeff Wasserburger. This triples the emergency funding set by Joint Appropriations. *In House Appropriations*.

GOVERNMENT

HB158 Local land use planning and zoning – Rep. Steve Harshman, R-Casper This would give primacy to enacted zoning regulations – over land use plans -- as local governments make decisions. If plans and regulations conflict, the regulations win. Sponsors include several House and Senate committee chairmen. *House Appropriations approved 7-0, on General File.*

HB36 Management Council Membership – Rep. Dan Laursen (R-Powell) Would tie political diversity requirements to the percentage of a minority party in the Legislature (30 percent), and the at-large Senate members would be selected by a vote of all senators. The two at-large House members would still be selected by caucuses of the two major political parties. (Note that the current minority representation is 9 of 90.) *House Rules approved 10-3, on General File.*

SF147 Management Council authority and legislative committees – Sen. Larry Hicks, R-Baggs Standing committees would pick their own interim studies, although the Management Council could limit the number and assign studies of their own, and committees would need permission to expand meeting days. *Senate Rules approved 5-0, now on 2nd reading.*

HB56 Public Health Orders – Rep. Dan Laursen, R-Powell

Public health officials may issue orders that limit gatherings or close public facilities, but only for 15 days, unless the Legislature or other governing body votes to extend the orders by another 15 days. Also, quarantines are permitted only for people who actually are infected, which excludes suspected infection because of contact tracing. *In House Corporations*.

HB98 Public Health Orders-reforms – Rep Chuck Gray, R-Casper Another proposed restriction on public health authority, requiring approval by the Legislature and governor to extend state or local health orders beyond 10 days. *In House Corporations*.

HB113 Public health orders-limitations – Rep. Steve Harshman, R-Casper Creates a new section of law to set requirements for a "public health order," including a declared health emergency, limit of 30 days and ratification of local elected officials. Quarantines may be ordered for persons "reasonably believed to be or known to be infected with a contagious disease." *In House Corporations*.

SF80 Public health orders-local and legislative oversight – Sen. Troy McKeown, R-Gillette Would submit emergency health orders to a 48-hour public comment period and allow a county to opt out. Would limit state orders to 30 days without legislative permission. District, county or municipal orders would be limited to 15 days and would require. *Senate approved 21-9, sent to House.*

SF30 Pandemic response review task force – Joint Corporations.

Would establish a task force of legislators, educators and reps from the Health Department and the business community to evaluate Wyoming's ability to handle pandemics – focusing on health orders (who can issue, do they work, etc.). This is the alternative to other bills to submit health orders to public comment and legislative (political) approval. *Senate passed 16-14, sent to House*.

HB109 Local health officers-educational requirements – Rep. Hans Hunt, R-Newcastle In another move by legislators to regulate health officials, this bill would require health officers appointed by local health departments to be medical doctors or nurse practitioners. The bill further says the officers "shall assist the state department of health in carrying out the provisions of all health and sanitary laws and regulations of the state." *House 2nd reading*.

HB127 Public Health Amendments – Speaker Eric Barlow, R-Gillette

The limits proposed in this bill would require governing officials (county, municipal, health district, governor) to approve preventive, restrictive orders by health officials beyond 10 days. The governor would appoint (and could dismiss) the state health officer. Co-sponsored by an impressive list of House and Senate leadership. House Corporations decided to hold on to the other like-minded bills and send this one out to the floor. *On House General File*.

HB59 Public Health Emergencies – Joint Travel

Would grant immunity from civil liability for anyone who – by a legal activity -- causes anyone else to be exposed to or to contract a disease defined as a "public health emergency." A proposed committee amendment would exclude act of gross negligence or wanton misconduct from immunity. *General File*

HB114 Property tax assessment – Rep. Steve Harshman, R-Casper Would make the office of county assessor appointed, instead of elected, with a requirement of being a certified real estate appraiser. ALSO would limit the annual increase in taxable value of

the category "all other property" to a maximum 50 percent, absent property improvements. *In House Revenue*.

SF16 Net Metering – Joint Corporations

Would overhaul Wyoming's laws for rooftop solar and backyard wind by repealing the current statues for net-metering, which involves payback for customer-generated energy. SF16 would eliminate the guarantee that customers could hook up their solar system to the grid and receive "credit" for the power they generate. It also tells the Public Service Commission to establish an "appropriate system" to regulate rates, terms and conditions of customer-generators by electric utilities. *In House*.

SF19 Public health emergencies-immunity amendments – Joint Judiciary Would extend civil liability immunity to persons or entities who were complying with health orders, during a declared public health emergency. This immunity is much more narrowly drawn than the "free pass" proposed in the House bill by Rep. Laursen. *In House*.

HB7 Air ambulance membership organizations-regulations – Joint Minerals Creates a section in state law called "Air Ambulance Membership Organizations" to define and regulate these groups that sell "memberships" to people and businesses and counties to provide a cheap rate for air ambulance services. Emphasis on consumer information that this is NOT insurance, and you are stuck with a huge bill if the ambulance service you get isn't the one you have a membership with. Heavily amended, so be sure to read the engrossed version. *Passed House 55-5 and now in Senate Appropriations*.

SF65 Government waste, fraud and abuse – Sen. Tom James, R-Rock Springs Would set up what the sponsors say would be a reporting system within the Department of Audit for governmental waste, fraud and abuse. Provides for penalties to government employees. Fiscal impact: indeterminate extra duty with administrative costs. *In Senate Appropriations*.

SF67 Repeal gun free zones and preemption amendments – Sen. Ogden Driskill Would repeal gun free zones, provide for carrying concealed weapons and "clarify" that only the state Legislature may regulate firearms. *Senate Judiciary approved 4-1, on General File.*

SF81 Second Amendment Preservation Act – Sen. Anthony Bouchard, R-Cheyenne Would invalidate federal restrictions on gun ownership, citing the 10th Amendment. This reprises a House bill from last year that was so unworkable that it died under its own weight. It was amended extensively, and supporters withdrew. *In Senate Judiciary*.

SF95 Election of state health officer – Sen. Anthony Bouchard, R-Cheyenne Would provide for election and recall of the state health officer, who now is an employee of the Wyoming Department of Health, starting in 2022. *In Senate Corporations*.

HB126 Public building art mandate-repeal – Rep. Marshall Burt, L-Green River Would repeal requirements that public buildings include public art. LSO reports no fiscal or personnel impact. *House Appropriations*.

HB134 Human heartbeat protection act – Rep. Chuck Gray, R-Casper Would prohibit abortions after the embryo or fetus has a detectable heartbeat. *In House Labor*.

EDUCATION

HB61 School Finance Recalibration – Select Recalibration Committee Still in House Education, but effectively replaced by HB173 substitute.

HB173 School Finance Funding-2 –Substitute 1 House Education Committee This 65-page bill sets out formula to continue a funding guarantee for Wyoming's 48 school districts. The model costs out several "components," of what schools will spend on education, but it creates a block grant with a lot of local flexibility. Cuts started out at \$100 million/year, and then this substitute bill came to the floor at a \$66 million cut. The bill, as it goes to the Senate, phases in cuts over three years of \$9.8 million, then \$20 million and then \$30.1 million. It also takes money from the Legislative Stabilization Reserve Account to balance the education budget but then authorizes a 1 percent sales tax for education if the LSRA falls below \$650 million. Critics want bigger cuts to represent education "skin" (pound of flesh?). Find the substitute bill as an amendment to HB173. *Third reading in House*.

SF130 Charter schools – Sen. Ogden Driskill, R-Sundance

This would let people who want to open a state-funded character school go to the State Loan and Investment Board for approval, if they have been unsuccessful getting approval from the local school board. The Superintendent of Public Instruction, Jillian Balow, says her department has the resources to help schools get chartered and advise in subsequent years. Could be conflict of interest for the agency that accredits? No one checked with the districts that rejected the charter applications. *Senate passed 26-4, sent to House*.

SF143 School finance-funding model amendments – Sen. Charles Scott, R-Casper Sen. Scott and four other legislators have written their own school funding cuts, based on their inherent wisdom and judgment (no consultants). Among their ideas: fund not-quite-all of transportation and special education, enforce district consolidation on a county basis and remove benefits for groundskeepers. Could be seen as the challenge/alternative to HB173 (see above). *Senate 3rd reading.*

HB81 School finance litigation – Rep. Mark Baker, R-Green River Would prohibit school districts from using state funding to support litigation to challenge school funding actions by the Legislature. *In House Education*.

HB89 School finance amendments – Rep. Tim Hallinan, R-Gillette Six new legislators join four veterans – none of them on the House or Senate Education committees -- to cut education expenses by about \$45 million a year by editing down several parts of the formula used to compute district guarantees. Even though they name categories of cuts, the funding still comes as a block grant, so it cuts the bottom line. *In House Education*.

HB154 School finance-school district reserves – Rep. Albert Sommers, R-Pinedale

Would raise the amount of reserves districts would keep in the next fiscal year to 25 percent. Prohibits using the reserves on capital expenditures. District have been asking for this flexibility as they slash budgets. *House Education approved, on General File*.

HB164 Grand Teton National Park-transfer of state lands – Rep. Andy Schwartz, D-Jackson The crown jewel of Wyoming's school trust lands would be sold – for cash, exchange or mineral rights – to the federal government (sum unspecified). It is the Kelly Parcel on Gros Ventre Road, inside Grand Teton National Park. An appraisal 10 years ago was about \$50 million. Money would be deposited in the schools' permanent land fund, to generate interest and dividends for schools' spending. *House Appropriations approved 5-2, on General File*.

HB63 Early Childhood Education – Joint Education

Would transfer all program and staff for early childhood programs (developmental pre-schools) from the Departments of Health and Workforce Services to the Departments of Education and Family Services. This was opposed strongly by some early childhood programs, but the move is intended to increase accountability and efficiency. Joint Education killed the bill in the fall and then brought it back in the winter, with strong backing by the Department of Education. *House Education rejected 4-5*.

HB77 School District Reorganization – Rep. Dan Zwonitzer

Would set up a planning committee (to include representatives from all 48 school boards) to recommend a plan to create 24 total consolidated districts. This group will report to the Joint Corporations (or another standing committee) and the State Board of Education by Sept. 1, 2022. The bill clarifies the new districts may cross county lines, and some counties may have to share a district, board and superintendent. *In House Education*.

HB106 Wyoming education options act – Rep. Sue Wilson, R-Cheyenne As the Legislature figures how to afford its constitutional duty to fund public education, here comes a bill to reimburse costs for people who education children outside public schools. *House Education continues to hear testimony*.

SF83 Gillette college community college district – Sen. Jeff Wasserburger, R-Gillette The Wyoming Community College Commission has approved an application by the Campbell County Commission to create a college district. With this bill, the Legislature would approve the formation and put it on the ballot for approval of the district and at least 4 mills property tax. The bill was amended to better define the transition of programs and students from Northern Wyoming to Gillette College. *In House*..

ELECTIONS

HB163 Federal congressional elections-residency – Rep. Joe MacGuire, R-Casper Would prevent candidates for U.S. House or Senate from Wyoming to claim residence in any other state. Closes a loophole that allows candidates to live anywhere. *On 3rd reading in House*.

HB160 Election ballot order – Rep. Marshall Burt, L-Green River

For General Election ballots, candidates for an office would be listed in random order. Currently, candidates are listed as nominees of a political party, and the parties are listed in the order of

how many votes they received in the previous congressional election. *Failed House 3rd reading* 17-43.

HB12 Bond elections - Rep. Clarence Styvar, R-Cheyenne Would require bond elections be held during General Elections and not Primaries. Not assigned yet. *In House Corporations*.

HB74 Elected Officials-Removal – Rep. John Bear, R-Gillette

Would establish a mechanism to remove municipal elected officials. Sets signature gathering requirements and procedures for a recall election. Would repeal an existing recall provision. No fiscal note. *House Corporations vote 4-5*.

HB75 Voter fraud-protection – Rep. Chuck Gray (plus 40 other reps and 15 senators) Once again attacking a problem that doesn't exist, this bill would require presentation of a state-issued or tribal ID at the polls. Apparently great fear grips the House and Senate to attract this number of co-sponsors. LWV opposes, as a barrier to voting, however big or small, with no gain to integrity of elections. *In Senate*.

SF145 Election runoffs – Sen. Bo Biteman, R-Sheridan

For primaries for statewide offices and Legislature, a runoff would be held if none of the nominee candidates got a majority. To allow time for this extra election, the primary would be moved up to the first Monday in May. Committee wants to amend with \$1.5 million fiscal note to pay for the extra election. *Senate Corporations approved 4-1, on General File.*

HB187 Elected official residency requirement – Rep. Hans Hunt, R-Newcastle Would require county elected officials to live in that county. *In House Corporations*.

SF138 School board trustees-party affiliation – Sen. Affie Ellis, R-Cheyenne Would let trustee candidates list their political party affiliation on the ballot. Trustee is a nonpartisan office, so no primary. Sponsor Ellis says she wants to help people know how to vote when they haven't done their homework. Really? *Senate Education approved 4-1, on General File.*

TAXATION AND REVENUE

HB168 Sale and use tax application – Rep. Cathy Connolly, D-Laramie

Throws down the gauntlet to those who see cutting as the only way out of a budget difficulty. It would remove exemptions from a long list of services, much as South Dakota has done. Would raise an estimated \$100 million a year, to be shared by the state General Fund and local governments. Stand back for the wave (tsunami?) of protests from affected interests. *Failed in House Revenue 2-7*.

SF119 Investment of state permanent funds – Joint Appropriations
Staying within the risk profile of a reference portfolio, this would allow the state to invest permanent funds 70 percent in global equities and 30 percent in domestic fixed income investments. Considered a "more modern view" of portfolio theory. Benchmarks would be set by

the State Loan and Investment Board (top 5 elected). *Senate passed 30-0, in House Appropriations.*

HB11 Oil and Gas production tax exemption – Joint Minerals

Would cut in half (from 6 percent to 3 percent) the severance tax rate on crude oil and gas by Wyoming statute when the average price of West Texas Intermediate oil gets as low as \$45/barrel. The exemption applies to wells drilled after Jan 1, 2021, and to renewed production from wells that were shut in before July 1, 2020. The fiscal note predicts a \$13.5 million loss to the state in fiscal 2021. *In House Minerals*.

Details:

The exemption would apply to the following production categories:

- sweet crude oil production when the immediately preceding 30-day average of the West Texas Intermediate (WTI) spot price is \$45.00/barrel or higher,
- sour crude oil production when the immediately preceding 30-day average of the Western Canadian Select (WCS) spot price is \$38.00/barrel or higher, and
- natural gas production when the immediately preceding 30-day average of the Henry Hub spot price is \$3.00/mcf or higher.

HB26 Fuel Tax – Joint Revenue

Would increase the gasoline tax from 24 cents a gallon to 33 cents per gallon.

The Department of Revenue predicts this would raise about \$60.3 million a year: \$40.2 million for the Highway Fund, \$14.1 million for county road funds, \$5.9 million for cities and towns and \$1.1 million for state parks. Extensive Transportation Committee amendment for timing, amount and distribution of revenue. *House Transportation approved 6-3, Appropriations approved 7-0, on General File.*

HB55 Tobacco Tax – Joint Revenue

Would increase the tax on a pack of cigarettes from 60 cents to 84 cents. It would increase the tax on an ounce of moist snuff from 60 cents to 72 cents. Expected annual revenue in fiscal 2023 and following years would be \$6.1 million to the General Fund and \$920,000 to local governments. *On House General File*.

Please note the American Cancer Society – Cancer Action Network say a tax to decrease smoking rates would have to increase by at least \$1 a pack.

SF73 Tolling authority for I-80 – Sen. Cale Case, R-Lander

Would create a highway tolling program "to finance, construct, operate and maintain Interstate 80 and accommodate the needs of the traveling public through safe, efficient, convenient and modern vehicular traffic." The bill would authorize the Wyoming Transportation Commission to create and supervise a tolling program in the Department of Transportation (include setting rates). Development of a master plan would cost an estimated \$1 million to \$1.25 million, according to the fiscal note. *Senate Transportation approved 4-1, rereferred to Appropriations.*

SF30 Pandemic response review task force – Joint Corporations.

Would establish a task force of legislators, educators and reps from the Health Department and the business community to evaluate Wyoming's ability to handle pandemics – focusing on health orders (who can issue, do they work, etc.). This is the alternative to other bills to submit health

orders to public comment and legislative (political) approval. *Senate passed 16-14, sent to House.*

HB99 Property tax increase limit-2 – Rep. Chuck Gray, R-Casper Would impose an artificial limit on the change in property "market value" computed for tax purposes to a maximum 3 percent increase per year. Amendment by House Revenue would raise that to 20 percent. Fiscal note says local government and the School Foundation Account would take a hit, but it's impossible to predict. *On General File*.

HEALTH

HB162 Medical treatment opportunity act – Rep. John Romero-Martinez, R-Cheyenne Under this bill, the governor and departments of Health and Insurance would analyze and report to the Joint Labor Committee on how expanding Medicaid eligibility under the ACA would be good (or bad) for Wyoming. It would authorize the governor to seek federal permission to amend Medicaid for the expansion, with a 3-month notice to the Legislature, so it would have time to meet and consider – and conceivably block – the application. The bill anticipates an expansion with limits, for instance cost-sharing and limited benefits. *In House Labor*.

SF154 Medicaid Expansion – Sen. Chris Rothfuss, D-Laramie
The bill would expand eligibility to Medicaid without the conditions created by HB162, but it does include requirements of at least the current level of federal matching funds (FMAP). Senate Labor approved 3-2, on General File.

SF52 Insurance-mental health and substance use parity – Joint Labor Would ensure equal treatment by health insurance plans for mental health and substance abuse claims as for other health coverage. *In House Labor*.

HB83 Health care cost control – Rep. Clark Stith, R-Rock Springs Would prohibit health care providers from charging different amounts to insured and uninsured (doesn't mention under-insured) people in Wyoming. The bill implies providers are charging insured patients more, although sometimes big insurers can negotiate rates down. *In House Labor*.

HB87 Provider recruitment rant program-repeal – Joint Appropriations Would defund a program in the Office of Rural Health, in the Wyoming Department of Health, to recruit physicians and other health care professionals, saving \$122,000 a year. *House passed 55-5, sent to Senate.*

HB127 Community health center and rural health clinic grants – Rep. Sue Wilson, RR-Cheyenne Would add equipment and eliminate the sunset date on a Department of Health program to accept grants for health centers and rural clinics. *No appropriation. House Labor approved 9-0, on General File.*

CRIMINAL JUSTICE AND COURTS

SF150 Death penalty-repeal – Sen. Brian Boner, R-Douglas

Would repeal the death penalty and designate imprisonment-without-parole as the ultimate sentence for 1st degree murder. LWV US and WY support repeal. *On Senate General File*.

HB218 Bias motivated crime – Rep. Pat Sweeney, R-Casper

Bipartisan legislation to create additional elements for bias motivated crimes, creating enhanced penalties and creating a civil cause of action. The presence of bias would be determined by a judge in the sentencing part of the trial. *House Judiciary declined to take action but will seek interim study*.

HB46 Crime of Bestiality – Clark Stith, R-Rock Springs

Would create the misdemeanor of bestiality, defined as a sexual act with an animal, which also would include promoting or recording such an act. It exempts normal, ordinary and accepted practices of animal husbandry, artificial insemination or veterinary medicine. *House passed 60-0, sent to Senate.*

HB103 Journalists-privileged communication – Rep. Dan Zwonitzer, R-Cheyenne Would make Wyoming the 40th state with a so-called "shield law" to provide privilege for journalists who refuse to disclose sources of information in a news-gathering capacity, protecting them from being held in contempt by a court or grand jury. Amended with definitions and exceptions (read them in the bill digest.) *House approved 36-24, sent to Senate.*

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

SJR2 Convention of states-2 – Sen. Bo Biteman, R-Sheridan Asks Congress to call an Article V convention of states to amend the U.S. Constitution. *Senate Minerals approved 3-2, on General File.*

SJR4 School capital Construction-constitutional amendment – Sen. Charles Scott, R-Casper Would amend the Wyoming Constitution to move responsibility for scoring and funding school facilities from the state to school districts. Sponsors contend local voters will know better how, where and when to build schools, and it will keep districts from gaming the system. (?) *Senate Education approved 4-1, on General File.*

HJ3 State lands mineral royalties – Rep. Tim Hallinan, R-Gillette3 Would amend the Wyoming Constitution to let the Legislature take 2/3 of the mineral income from school trust lands and put it in a spending account for six years. Amended in the House to set up a system after those six years where all school trust income goes into the common school land fund, with goal of growing the permanent part of that fund quickly. *House gave 2/3 approval needed for amendments (40-20) and sent to Senate.*

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